

# Using results to redesign & update strategies

Fouzia Nasreen, General Manager, M4C

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## Project Name

## Making Markets Work for the Jamuna, Padma and Teesta Chars









## Project Background

Content

- Results Measurement Processes
- Analysis and Use of Results in Decision Making

### **Project Background**



#### Donor

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)

#### Duration

5 years; Dec 2011 to Nov 2016 (Inception of 6 months)

#### Budget

CHF 8 million

#### Implementers

Swisscontact in collaboration with Practical Action

#### **Line Ministry**

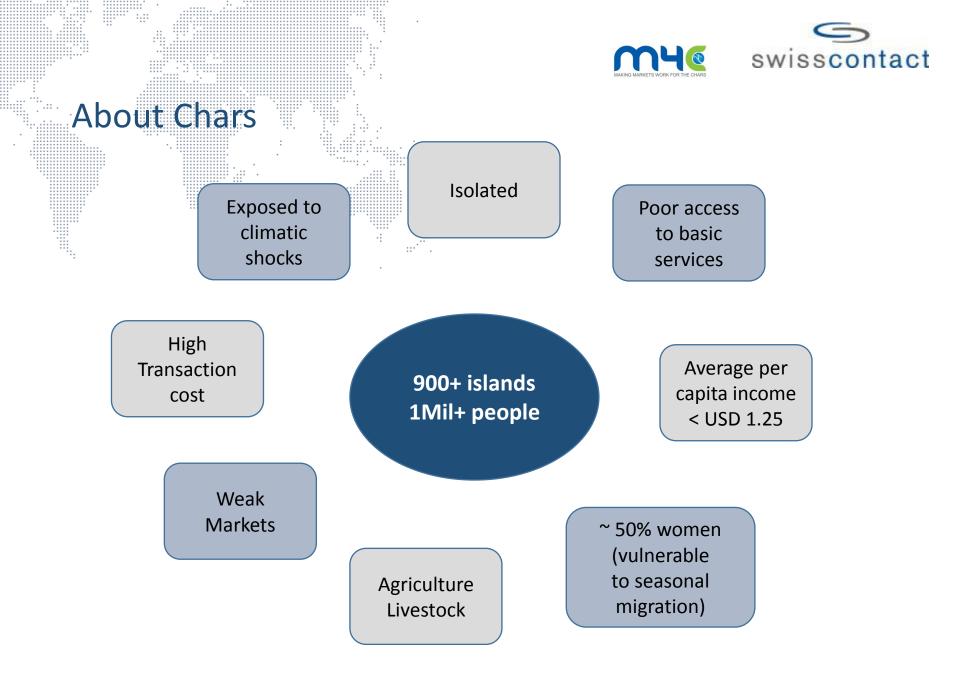
Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development & Co-operatives (LGRD), Government of Bangladesh



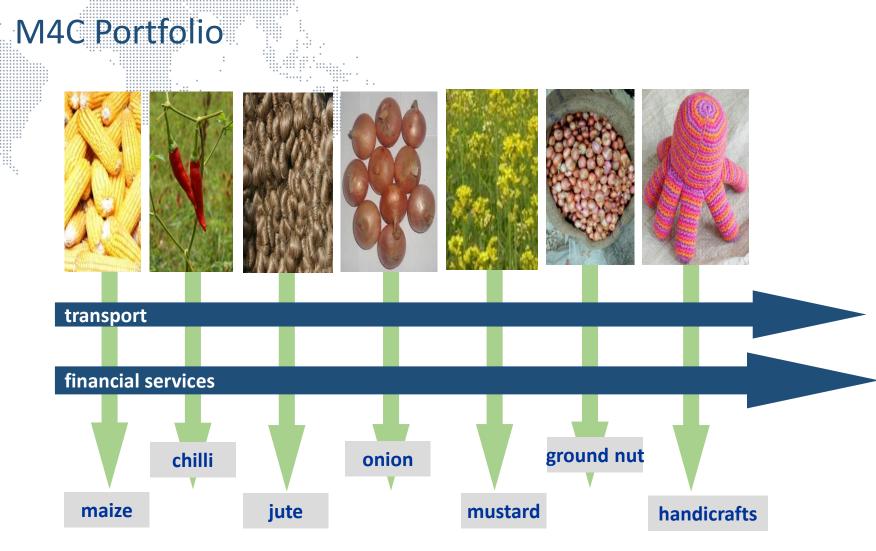
## Target Locations

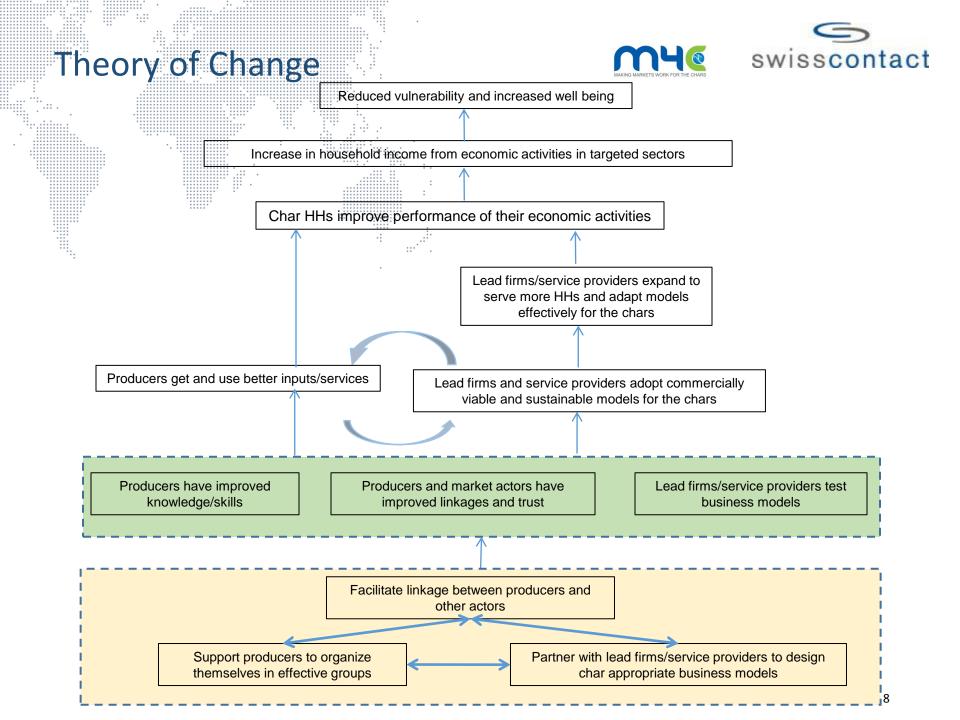












### Results till date...

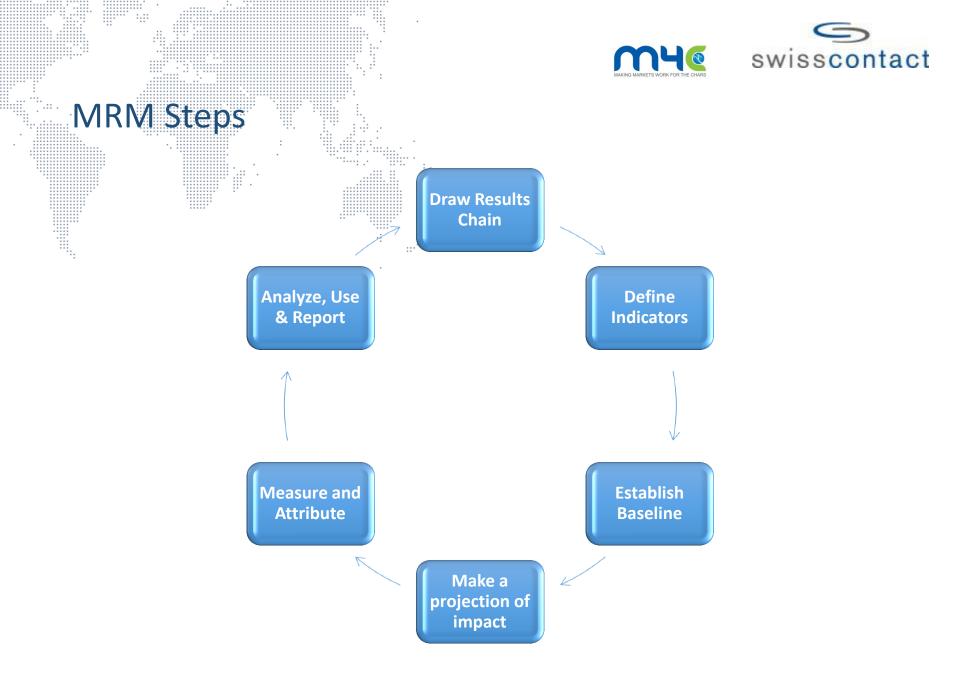


- Net income CHF 1.2 million income for 15,000 char households
- 30-40% increase in household income from selected sectors
- 10,000 women gained improved knowledge on farming practices and linkage to new markets
- 419 char producer groups (30% women) mobilized on the chars and linked with national/local market actors
- Private input companies/ local market actors adopted char suitable business models and are investing to expand further
- Use of char-suitable inputs/cultivation practices reduced losses due to floods, cold wave, etc.



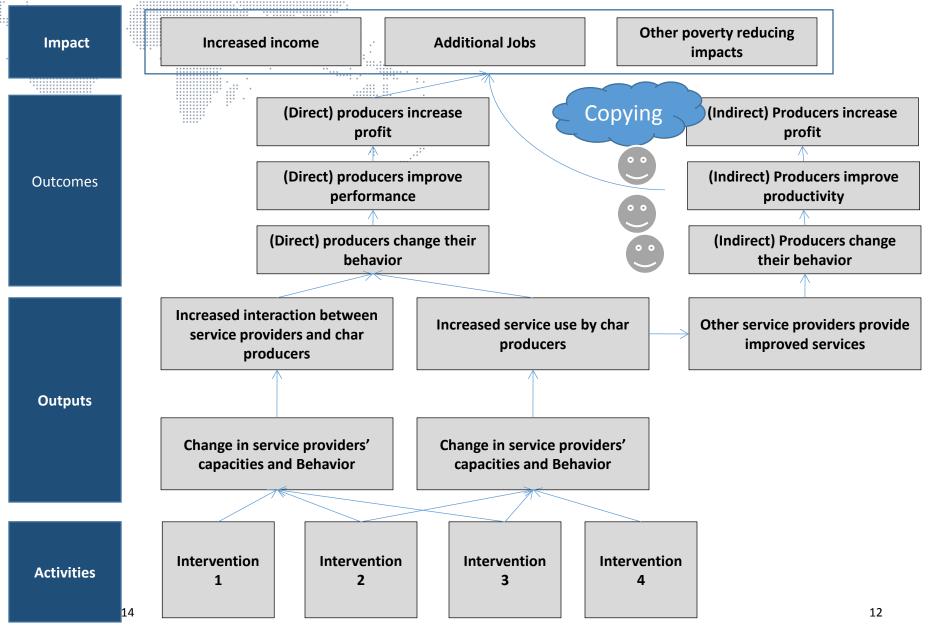
## Result Measurement Processes

rsscontact



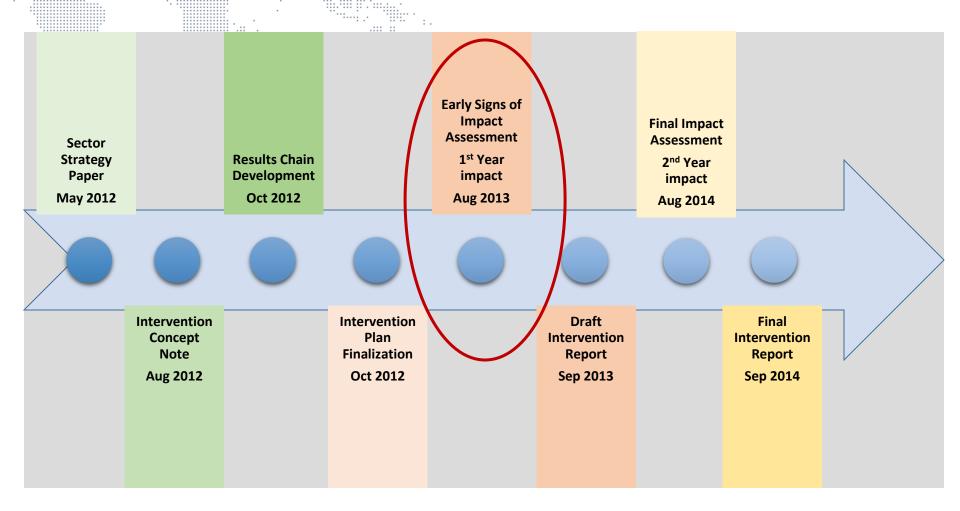
## **Results Chain**

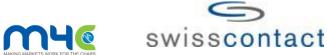


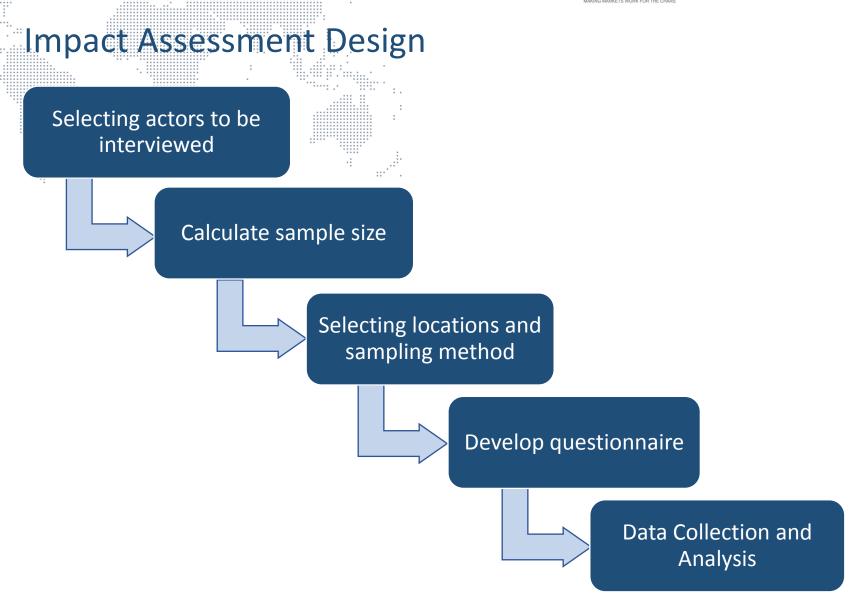




## MRM Milestones 2012-13









## Sampling (e.g. Chilli sector)

SI.	Type of Sample	Sample Size
1	Treated Farmer	60
2	Control Farmer	32
3	Lead Farmer	8
4	Trader client Farmer	60
5	Input Retailer	20
6	Chilli Trader	8
7	Female unpaid family labour	16
	Total	204

- Sample size calculation <u>www.raosoft.com/samplesize.html</u>, M4C calculated with 10% margin of error and 90% confidence level
- All samples from baseline were included
- Samples were distributed among the working areas depending on the number of households and project activities implemented



Measuring Change in Behavior among Char Farmers

## We wanted

to measure the knowledge level of the farmers on improved cultivation practices and the conversion of that knowledge into practice

Proxy Questions





### **Developing Proxy Questions**

#### Step 1: Revisit "Training Modules/Materials" and list down of broad topics

Step 2: Pick up the important topics that significantly contributes to higher yield / income Step 3: Select one or two question for each topic to measure knowledge level

Step 4: Formulate the questions into closeended with correct and incorrect options

> Starting "Do you know...."

Step 5: Formulate the same questions for usage/practice level

> Starting "Did you apply..."

Step 6: Data collection and analysis



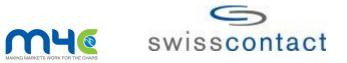
## Analysis and Use of Results in Decision Making



## Data Analysis

Chilli							
				Control		4	
Торіс	Specific question (proxy for each topic)	farmer (f	farmer (60)		farmer (32)		
	INPUT						
Knowledge on quality and	Knowledge on quality and application of inputs					Remarks	
Macro fertilizer	Most important time for applying Urea	56	93%	24	75%		
Micronutrient fertilizer	For stopping Chilli flowers from falling off what micronutrient is essential	43	72%	14	44%		
Pesticide	Which time of the day is appropriate for pesticide application?	55	92%	26	81%		
	To prevent fungal disease, which pesticide is essential	36	60%	7	22%		
Compost	In your opinion, How important is compost for Chilli cultivation?	49	82%	23	72%		
	Average		80%		59%		

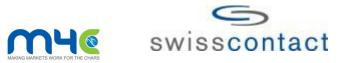
Practice on quality and ap	Frequency	%	Frequency	%	Remarks	
Macro fertilizer	Macro fertilizer How often do you apply tsp				34%	
Micronutrient fertilizer	For preventing chili flower to fall what micronutrient do you use	41	68%	10	31%	
	Do you apply micronutrient	53	88%	29	91%	
Pesticide When do you apply pesticide for fungal disease		33	55%	2	6%	
Compost	29	48%	9	28%		
	Average		57%		38%	



## Key Learning (in case of the assessed intervention)

 Information dissemination on balance fertilizer application through char retailers and farmer meetings is effective.

- The idea of using fungicide/pesticide with the concept of 'preventive rather than curative measures' should be strengthened more in future intervention activities.
- Promotion of compost/cow dung is required. Reasons behind lack of usage need to be investigated further.



#### Attention to Details

## Focus on which topics need more emphasis

	Treatment farmer (60)		Control farmer (32)		* 
	Frequency	%	Frequency	%	Remarks
	56	93%	24	75%	
essential	43	72%	14	44%	
	55	92%	26	81%	
	36	60%	7	22%	
	49	82%	23	72%	
		80%		59%	

Frequency	%	Frequency	%	Remarks
16	27%	11	34%	
41	68%	10	31%	
53	88%	29	91%	
33	55%	2	6%	
29	48%	9	28%	
	57%		38%	

Red = more attention needed Green = less attention needed

> Shared the information with project sector teams AND Incorporated in recent interventions



## **Correcting Assumptions**

Conversion % of Knowledge to Practice to Use : 70% and 80%...

We used this to validate our assumptions in the Results Chain

OUTCOM	Box 14	Targeted Char chilli farmers are applying technologies on proper and improved chilli production which reduce climatic	
	Box 13	vulnerability as well (15,488 HH) (Jan 2013) Targeted Char chilli farmers are geting information on proper and improved cultivation techniques of Chilli (19,360 HH) (Jan 2013)	Our initial assumption was 80%!!



# Steps to integrate MRM in Project Steering

#### Monthly team meetings

- Specify MRM activities
- Assign tasks to specific individuals

#### Six monthly review meetings

- Triangulation
- Review Results Chains
- Update strategies
- Engage sub-contractors

#### MRM week – twice every year

- Update Results Chains
- Write intervention reports
- Write concept notes
- Complete documentation





## Open Questions/Challenges in MRM

#### Strategic

- Measuring resilience and well-being aspects of households
- Measuring systemic changes on the chars
- Measuring access to employment opportunities

#### Implementation

- Setting SMART indicators
- Collecting household level data
- Aggregating qualitative information (topics like gender, DRR)
- Capability of local research firms



## Thank you